Strand Product and Performance Artistic Perceptions	
<u>Standards</u>	<u>Learning Targets</u>
 Instrumental performance skills Expression and technical skills Group playing Critique musical performances and compositions 	 Use proper air speed and air support through vowel formation to demonstrate a clear and resonant tone in level 4 and level 5 repertoire Interpret and perform an extensive range of layered expressive markings in level 4 and level 5 repertoire Apply advanced air control and vibrato resulting in a high degree of musicality Varying vibrato speed and width, using jaw or diaphragmatic vibrato Balance ensemble sound in level 4 and level 5 repertoire Interpret and play rapidly changing expressive markings and articulations Evaluate advanced to professional musical performances

CCSS: 9-12.RST.4

Performance: 2.4, 3.2, 3.4

Knowledge: (CA) 6 (FA) 1 (SC) 2 MUGLE: PP.2.A; PP.2.B; AP.2.B

NETS: 4 DOK: 4

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher modeling of various techniques that enhance tone production
- Guided practice of proper tone production in levels 4-5 music literature
- Rhythm 101 Etude Series Concept building of rhythmic phrases
- 3D Band Book/14 Weeks to a Better Band Concept building on:
 - phrasing
 - articulations
 - intonation
 - balance
- 371 Bach Chorales:
 - Concept building
 - Balance/blend
 - Phrasing
- Internet resources For example, listening to an arrangement of music with a choir and then with a band
- Professional musician modeling, such as:
 - Heritage Festivals
 - professional clinicians/musicians
 - college professors

Assessments/Evaluations

- Playing tests using a content scoring guide
- Director observation/evaluation of daily rehearsals
- Festival evaluation
- Performance events
- Recordings:
 - Audio
 - Video

Sample Assessment Questions

- What would you do to improve the phrasing of this passage through proper tone production?
- How would you describe dynamics in our instrumentation setting?
- Should you take a breath during a slur?
- How is a molto-legato note articulated?

Instructional Resources/Tools

- MBA (Missouri Bandmasters Association) site utilized for All State Music and All District Music
- Listening aids/professional recordings/performances
- Music repertoire/supplemental materials
- NAfME/SBO magazines
- Attending performances
- Assorted instructional and master class books
- Internet resources

Literacy Connections

• Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-12 texts and topics

- ELA: Reading poetry to demonstrate:
 - articulation
 - style
 - tone
 - dynamics
- Science Physics:
 - Explaining the physics of sound and sound cycles per second (oscillation) to explain how instruments can be out of tune
 - Weight
 - Velocity/sound

Strand	Product and Performance Elements and Principals of Mo	usic
	Standards	Learning Targets
ImprovisRhythmicSymbolsSight reac	c notation of expression	 1. Advanced to Professional Rhythm, Fingering and Stickings of level 4 to level 5 literature Demonstrate appropriate articulations and style for different periods of music in level 4 to level 5 literature Interpret and perform changing rhythmic and melodic patterns in sight reading material in level 4 to level 5 literature Performing adlibitum and improvisation in cadenza material as well as aleatoric sections in advanced literature Demonstrate and count complex rhythms in complex and mixed meters
Alignments: CCSS: 9-10.RS	ST.4	

Performance: 1.6, 2.5, 3.4

Knowledge: (CA) 6 (FA) 1 (MA) 1-3 (SC) 2 MUGLE: PP.2.A; PP.3.A.; EP.1.A; EP.1.C; EP.1.E

NETS: 4; 6b,d

DOK: 4

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher modeling and guided practice of:
 - fingerings
 - sticking
 - various complex rhythmic patterns
- Rhythm 101 Etude Series Concept building of rhythmic phrases
- 3D Band Book/14 Weeks to a Better Band Concept building on:
 - phrasing
 - articulations
 - intonation
 - balance
- 371 Bach Chorales:
 - Concept building
 - Balance/blend
 - Phrasing
- Internet resources For example, listening to correct and incorrect intonation
- Sectionals
- Counting systems: 1+2+ and 1e+a
- Sight reading

Assessments/Evaluations

- Playing tests using a content scoring guide
- Director observation/evaluation of daily rehearsals
- Festival evaluation
- Performance events
- Recordings:
 - Audio
 - Video

Sample Assessment Questions

- What counting method is appropriate for going in and out of compound/simple time signatures?
- What is the proper sticking for a paradiddle?

Instructional Resources/Tools

- MBA (Missouri Bandmasters Association) site utilized for All State Music and All District Music
- Listening aids/professional recordings/performances
- Daily warm-ups
- NAfME/SBO magazines
- Attending performances
- Assorted instructional and master class books
- Sticking for the modern snare drummer/fingering charts
- Metronome

Literacy Connections

• Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-12 texts and topics

- Physical Education: Muscle memory
- Math: Patterns, fractions
- Science: Properties and Principals of Force and Motion
- ELA: Reading

Strand Product and Performation Elements and Principal	
<u>Standards</u>	<u>Learning Targets</u>
 C. Instrumental performances skills Melodic notation Develop and apply instrumental skills to communicate through the arts 	 Finger/Sticking Patterns and Scales Demonstrate appropriate fingerings/sticking patterns for given scales/rudiments Play two-octave major/minor scales as permitted by instrument Play chromatic scale in practical range of instrument

CCSS: 9-12.RST.4

Performance: 1.6, 2.5, 3.4

Knowledge: (CA) 6 (FA) 1,2 (MA) 4,5

MUGLE: PP.2.A NETS: 5; 6b,d

DOK: 2

Instructional Strategies

- Guided practice of fingering/sticking using scales of five sharps or five flats
- Rhythm101 Etude Series Concept building using scales with various rhythmic patterns
- 3D Band/14 Weeks to a Better Band Concept building on scale knowledge built into various rhythmic patterns

Assessments/Evaluations

- Playing tests using a content scoring guide
- Director observation/evaluation of daily rehearsals
- Festival evaluation
- Performance events
- Video recording
- Student evaluation visual and auditory

Sample Assessment Questions

- What is the correct fingering for a high C# above the staff for clarinet?
- What is the correct sticking for 9-let on the snare drum?

Instructional Resources/Tools

- MBA (Missouri Bandmasters Association) site utilized for All State Music and All District Music
- Listening aids/professional recordings/performances
- Music repertoire/supplemental materials
- NAfME/SBO magazines
- Attending performances
- Assorted instructional and master class books
- Internet resources
- Daily warm-ups

Literacy Connections

• Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-12 texts and topics

Cross Curricular Connections

• Math: Patterns

Strand	Product and Performance Elements and Principles of Music	
	Standards	<u>Learning Targets</u>
 Rhythmic notate Melodic notation Sight reading Instrumental periodic expression technic Repertoire 	on erformance skills	 Advanced to Professional Music Literacy and Vocabulary Learn and apply music vocabulary in level 4 to 7 music literature Apply key signature and accidentals up to five sharps and five flats Sight read music in simple and compound meters and mixed meters Sight-read music at intermediate music literature level Conduct beat patterns for compound meters and mixed meters

CCSS: 9-12.RS.4

Performance: 1.5, 2.5, 3.4

Knowledge: (CA) 6 (FA) 3 (MA) 5

MUGLE: PP.2.A; PP.2.B; PP.2.C; EP.1.A; EP.1.B; EP.1.E

NETS: 4; 6b DOK: 4

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher modeling of complex/compound meter
- Guided practice to reinforce the sight reading process at the intermediate level
- Provide visuals of abstract concepts on the whiteboard
- Sing pitches
- Intone rhythms
- Sight reading at the intermediate level
- Music markings

Assessments/Evaluations

- Playing tests using a content scoring guide
- Director observation/evaluation of daily rehearsals
- Festival evaluation
- Performance events
- Student evaluation of performance
- Recording
- Critiquing performances as a group and individually

Sample Assessment Questions

- What are the things we need to look for when preparing for sight-reading?
- Can you determine how the end of the piece will sound based on the given vocabulary in the music prior to sight-reading?

Instructional Resources/Tools

- Daily sight reading
- Metronome
- Music literature/supplemental materials
- Internet resources
- Music recordings
- NAfME/SBO magazines
- Teacher feedback
- 3D Band Book/Rhythm 101/14 Weeks to a Better Band

Literacy Connections

• Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-12 texts and topics

- Math:
 - Patterns
 - Fractions using a time signature
- ELA:
 - Additional sight words

Strand Product and Performance	
Historic and Cultural Contexts	
<u>Standards</u>	<u>Learning Targets</u>
 Repertoire Music's role and function in various cultures Genres and styles Stylistic practices Careers 	 Identify genre or style from various periods through performing and listening to selected repertoire in level 4 and level 5 repertoire, as well as to which composers they pertain Identify the main chords in major and minor key signatures Build the main chords in major and minor key signatures Identify intervals from a minor 2nd up to an octave and their inversions Compare, contrast and prepare for music and music related vocations and avocations

CCSS: 9-12.RST.4; 9-12.WHST.4; 9-12.WHST.7

Performance: 1.6, 1.9, 2.5, 3.5 Knowledge: (CA) 7 (FA) 5 (SS) 6

MUGLE: PP.2.C; HCC.1.C

NETS: 3; 5c DOK: 4

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher modeling of identifying elements from varying musical styles or genres of music and pointing them out as they are heard and to which composers they pertain
- Guided practice by demonstrating the process of building:
 - major
 - minor
 - diminished
 - augmented

chords in a given key

- Discuss how a student will apply the study of music to his/her chosen career/academic path
- Professional musician modeling through:
 - videos
 - documentaries
- Listen to adjudicator comments
- Read adjudicator comments
- Music markings
- Listen to profession recording of various styles and genres of music
- Multiple resources, including:
 - the Internet
 - magazines
 - periodicals
 - books related to:
 - historical periods in music
 - the composers of those periods
- Guided practice: Example: Compare and contrast the Romantic Period with the 1960's:
 - socially
 - politically
 - musically

and how to extract that information through research

Assessments/Evaluations

- Written evaluation of performance using a scoring guide
- Self-assessment paper using a scoring guide

Sample Assessment Questions

- What is the whole step/half step formula for a major scale?
- How will you determine the difference between a P5 and a P4?
- Describe ways in which the study of music will be applied in your chosen career/academic path

Instructional Resources/Tools

- Audio recordings
- Music repertoire
- Kostka/Payne Tonal Harmony Theory Book
- Video recordings
- Internet resources

Literacy Connections

- Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-12 texts and topics
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self- generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation

- Math:
 - Patterns
 - Fractions
- ELA: Additional sight words
- Social Studies: History Making historical connections, socially and economically, with different historical periods of composer and music
- Social Studies/ELA: Relationships between language and culture

Strand Product and Performance Artistic Perceptions	
<u>Standards</u>	<u>Learning Targets</u>
 F. • Imitation • Improvisation • Musical characteristics, events and descriptors 	 Advanced Ear Training – By the end of the course, students should be able to: Imitate melodic lines within the range of an octave Tune their instruments with a given pitch or pitches on their own Improvise short melodies in the relative major/minor keys of C, G, D, A, E, F, B-flat, E-flat and A-flat

CCSS: 9-12.WHST.4

Performance: 1.6, 2.5, 3.3, 3.4 Knowledge: (CA) 6 (FA) 1 (SC) 1

MUGLE: PP.2.D; AP.1.B

NETS: 6b,d DOK: 4

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher modeling through singing of made up melodies in different keys
- Imitate simple melodic melodies
- Improvise individually and in small groups
- Professional musician modeling through:
 - videos
 - documentaries
- Listen to or watch videos of professional musicians performing improvisation

Assessments/Evaluations

- Aural teacher observation
- Playing test using content scoring guide
- Student evaluation, both visual and auditory
- Music festivals

Sample Assessment Questions

- Aurally describe the whole step/half step formula for a major scale? Minor Scale?
- What is the suggested path to improvise for the very first time

Instructional Resources/Tools

- Audio recordings
- Music repertoire
- NAfME/SBO magazines
- Video recordings
- Internet resources
- Daily warm-ups

Literacy Connections

• Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience

- Science: Physics introduction to sound oscillation and cycles per second
- ELA:
 - Compare and contrast
 - Venn diagram

Strand	Product and Performance	
	Artistic Perceptions	
	Standards	Learning Targets
G. Criteria for musica	l performance and compositions	1. Musicianship
		 Follow conducting cues, visual cues and advanced movements of the conductor
		 Problem solve to increase the quality of performance in relation to tone quality, expression, phrasing, dynamics, pitch accuracy, rhythmic accuracy, balance/blend, articulations, style, posture and stage presence

CCSS: 9-12.WHST.10

Performance: 1.6, 2.5, 3.3, 3.4 Knowledge: (CA) 5 (FA) 1

MUGLE: AP.2.A

NETS: 4 DOK: 4

Instructional Strategies

- Teacher conducting with and without conducting baton, using various patterns and expressive gestures
- Practice having students memorize the music and develop various methods of paying attention to the detail of the music while communicating with the conductor
- Independent problem solving with teacher feedback
- Provide students with multiple video examples of different performing groups performing the same piece for analysis
- Listen to or watch videos of professional musicians performing improvisation
- Venn diagram to show comparison and contrast of musical performances

Assessments/Evaluations

- Individual reflection of performance
- Analyze performances of the group as a whole and individually
- Playing test using content scoring guide
- Student written evaluation of comparison of performances

Sample Assessment Questions

- How would you describe the working relationship between conductor and performer?
- Describe the meaning of the express movements and gestures of the conductor

Instructional Resources/Tools

- Music repertoire
- NAfME/SBO Magazines
- Video recordings
- Internet resources
- Daily warm-ups

Literacy Connections

• Write routinely over extended time frames and shorter time frames for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes and audiences

- ELA:
 - Evaluating the contest of artistic aspects of oral and visual presentations
 - Compare and contrast
 - Venn diagram